A few years ago it was discovered that the New Netherland immigrant Anna Chatvelt, wife of Joannes Verveelen of New Harlem, was a daughter of Lieut. Thomas Chatfield, an Englishman stationed at Breda, Bergen-op-Zoom, and Geertruidenberg, all in North Brabant, by the latter's first of two Dutch-born wives, Paulina van Oudenhoven. There was at that time no obvious reason for suspecting that Paulina was from elsewhere than Bergen-op-Zoom, the only place where baptismal records for any of her children had been found. Paulina and the “Josyne van Oudenhove,” who in 1620 served as godmother to one of these children, were the only persons of this name who could be found there. The investigation stalled until a valued correspondent, Kay Strand, found a marriage record for Thomas Chatfield and Paulina van Oudenhoven at 's-Gravenhage. The marriage occurred some eleven years before this couple is first attested at Bergen-op-Zoom, and its discovery, which dispelled any reason for believing that Paulina’s origins should be sought in the latter place, completely altered the course of the research. “Josyne,” the 1620 baptismal sponsor, was the daughter of Gillis van Oudenhoven and Anneken van der Elst. A recently digitized index of 's-Gravenhage notarial records enabled the location of a record revealing that Deonys Anthonis van Couwen was married to Syntgen Gillisdr. van Oudenhove—Syntgen being a nickname for Josina. In her 1611 prenuptial contract with Denys Anthonis, Josina (who signed with a mark) was described as

*1170 Spruce Street, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada R3E 2V2 (johnblythedobson@gmail.com). The author is a contributing editor to THE RECORD. The author would like to thank Kay Strand of Bountiful, Utah, for sharing her valuable discoveries.


2 Henrick Chatfield baptism, Historisch Centrum Het Markiezenhof, Archiefnummer 31, Doop-, trouw-, en begraafboeken [DTB], Bergen-op-Zoom [Bergen-op-Zoom DTB] 14:48 verso, entry no. 704, digital image, Historisch Centrum Het Markiezenhof (http://www.markiezenhof.nl/). No evidence was found linking Paulina and Josina van Oudenhoven and the Utenhoven(n) or Uytenhoven(n) family of Bergen-op-Zoom, of which there is only a somewhat flawed account in print: A. J. L. Juten, “Genealogische Sprokkels, IVb—Huwelijken te Bergen op Zoom [betreffende de familie van Utenhove],” Taxandria 33 (1926): 254.

3 The city of ‘s-Gravenhage is also known as Den Haag (The Hague) and lies about 40 miles to the north of Bergen-op-Zoom.

4 This index can be found at Notarieel Archief Den Haag, 1597–1842, Series 0372-01, Haags Gemeentearchief, Archieven.nl (http://www.archieven.nl.nl/zoekenuinziq=21&miadt=59&miime=0372-01#inv31 [choose “inventaris,” then expand the node labeled “Index 1597–1670”]).

5 Willem Cornelissen van Doorne-Sara Adams Warner [sic] prenuptial contract, Notarieel Archief Den Haag, Notaris L. Kettig, inv. 5, fol. 106, in which Josina was called “Syntjen Gillisdr. van Oudenhove, most recently widow of the late Deonys Anthonis van Couwen.” I am grateful to staff member F. Koot-Lever for supplying copies of this and the other notarial documents of The Hague cited herein.
“Josyntgen Gillisdr. van Oudenhove, most recently widow of the deceased Joost van Assche, residing here in the Hague.” She was accompanied by “Anneken van der Elst, widow of the deceased Gillis van Oudenhoven, her mother,” as well as “Rutgart Otto, her brother-in-law and Adam Warnier, former tailor, her cousin, likewise residing here.”

Evidence suggests that Paulina was probably a sister of Josina van Oudenhoven and thus a daughter of Gillis van Oudenhoven. The record of the baptism of Paulina’s daughter Anne Chatfield (later known as Anna Chatvelt) 14 August 1612 at Nijmegen, Gelderland, shows one of the sponsors to be Denus vann [sic] der Kouwen, revealed above to be Josina’s husband. As previously noted, Josyne van Oudenhove served as sponsor at the baptism of another Chatfield child, Henrick, in 1620. These records link both Josina and her husband to Paulina van Oudenhoven. As will be shown below, Josina and Paulina married and had children at roughly the same time, suggesting that they were about the same age and thus probably sisters.

Based on this evidence, it is probable that Paulina was also a daughter of Gillis van Oudenhoven, and a reconstruction of his family follows. This article also affords an opportunity to revise the previous account of Paulina’s children, which is substantially improved by the records supplied by Kay Strand.

**GENEALOGICAL SUMMARY**

1. **GILLIS VAN OUDENHOVEN** was born probably before 1560, and died before 23 August 1611 (called deceased). He married probably before 1585 (latest estimated birth year of their daughter Josina) **ANNA VAN DER ELST**, who was still living on 23 August 1611, when she was called “Anneken van der Elst, widow of the deceased Gillis van Oudenhoven,” in her daughter Josina’s prenuptial contract. Their probable daughter Paulina was residing at

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7 I am grateful to Cor Snabel for assistance in reading the difficult writing of this document. The word *neue* (modern *neef*), which is written unclearly and has been ignored by the indexers, can also mean a nephew, but on chronological grounds would seem likelier to refer to a cousin in this case. Josina’s relationship to Rutgart Otto may have been derived through one of her first two husbands; the index to the notarial archive of ’s-Gravenhage shows no other entries relating to Rutgart Otto, and no wife has been identified for him. An explanation for Josina’s relationship to Adam Warnier has not been found, but a man of this name later became father-in-law to Josina’s son, Willem van Doorne, below.

8 Anne Chatfield baptism, Dutch Reformed Church, Nijmegen, Gelderland, baptism register (Family History Library, Salt Lake City, microfilm 108,785). This entry was found by Kay Strand and is new to the account of this family given in the 2008 article (note 1). The index and digitized images can also be found on the website of the Regionaal Archief Nijmegen (http://studiezaal.nijmegen.nl). This find is particularly notable considering that the entry is incorrectly transcribed as Chatsfield in the published index.

9 Most members of this family remained in Europe, and therefore the usual American system of numbering generations has not been used. Instead, numbering begins with the earliest-known ancestor.

10 Based on the assumption that he was married before 1585, and that males typically married between the ages of 20 and 25.

11 Denys Anthonis-Josyntgen Gillis dr. van Oudenhove prenuptial contract (note 6).

12 Denys Anthonis-Josyntgen Gillis dr. van Oudenhove prenuptial contract (note 6). The index to the notarial records (note 4) contains many entries for van der Elst, but from a later period. Her daughter
's-Gravenhage when she was betrothed in 1609, suggesting a potential residence for this couple, but unfortunately the records of the Dutch Reformed Church do not survive for that period. The betrothals or marriages survive only from 1598, too late to include this couple, and the baptisms only from 1629, too late to include their children.

Children of Gillis van Oudenhoven and Anna van der Elst (birth order inferential):

1. (Perhaps) CLARA VAN OUDENHOVEN, born say 1575–1580 (assuming a typical age of 18–23 when married); died testate shortly before 15 May 1626, when she was described as “Clara van Oudenhoven, widow of Jeronimus Soeters” and named as mother of Anneken Soeters; married in the Grote Kerk, 's-Gravenhage, 29 September 1598 (betrothed 12 September 1598) JERONIMUS SOETER, who died before 15 May 1626. Direct evidence that Clara belonged to this family has not been found, but she is the only “stray” of this surname and at this period in 's-Gravenhage, and she shares with the other known or likely van Oudenhoven daughters the circumstance that she married a man from Bergen-op-Zoom. The record of their betrothal describes both parties as “residing at The Hague,” the bride as “Clara Ouweneoven,” and the groom as an “unmarried man from Bergen-op-Zoom.” No trace of him has been found at Bergen-op-Zoom despite its excellent records. Clearly not a child of this couple, but perhaps a kinswoman of Jeronimus Soeter, is the Josina Soeters, who as “j. d., in 's-Gravenhage,” married (as his second wife) in Delft shortly after 21 December 1624 Jacob Vennekool, widower of Magdalena van Cuypers. This man was called “solicitor for the Scottish and English regiments” in an old manuscript genealogy, and therefore may well have been acquainted with the English officer Thomas Chatfield who married Paulina van Oudenhoven. He was likely the Jacob “Venckels” who served on 14 August 1612 at Nijmegen as a baptismal sponsor to a child of Clara’s possible sister Paulina, showing yet another point of contact between the two families.

Child of Jeronimus Soeter and Clara van Oudenhoven:

Josina’s prenuptial contract is the only record in this series that mentions Anna, and the only document in which her surname occurs in conjunction with any form of the name Oudenhoven. Other sources likewise reveal persons of this surname at 's-Gravenhage, but they were evidently younger than Anna.

13 Thomas Chadfield-Paulyna van Oudenhoven betrothal, Dutch Reformed Church, 's-Gravenhage, marriage register (PHL 118,270).

14 Of the surviving early church records, the attestations for new members, 1576–1620, and the churchwardens' accounts (mostly for burial fees), 1577–1584, have been published, but do not furnish material pertinent to the present project. Sixteenth-century consistory minutes and a few other records are listed at http://www.archieven.nl, but these have not been microfilmed, digitized, or indexed, and there is presently no practical way to consult them.

15 As shown in Josina’s prenuptial contract (note 8), Anna van der Elst was her mother and the widow of her father, therefore any children born after Josina were also children of Anna. The maternity of any earlier children is uncertain, and this birth order, based on assumptions, may not be correct.

16 Clara van Oudenhoven estate settlement, Notarieel Archief Den Haag, Notaris Jacob de Jonge, inv. 11, fol. 259. This document recites the circumstances of the will (not found) and confirms that Anneken Soeters was her mother’s sole heir (eigen ende universiel erfheer).

17 D. G. van Epen, “Zestiende-eeuwse trouwleggers van 's-Gravenhage (1598–1599),” De Wapen­boeck 12 (1908): 168, which says Jeronimus Soeter, jonkgezel van Bergen op Zoom, met Clara Ouweneoven, jonge dochter, beide wonende in den Hagh. Van Epen adds a note to this entry correctly suggesting that the bride’s true surname was Oudenhoven.

18 Clara van Oudenhoven estate settlement (note 16).

19 Jacob Vennekool-Josina Soeters betrothal, Delft DTB, Gemeentearchief Delft, inv. 6, folio 57.


21 Anne Chatfield baptism (note 7).
2. **ANNEKEN**<sup>3</sup> SOETERS, living on 15 May 1626, when she appeared before a notary in relation to the settlement of her mother's estate, signing the record as Anneken Soeters. 22

2. ii. **JOSINA**<sup>2</sup> VAN OUDENHOVEN, born probably before 1585; died between 14 March 1635 and 14 July 1637; married first probably before 1604, CORNELIS VAN DOORNE; married second sometime before her third marriage in 1611, JOOST VAN ASSCHE; married third shortly after 23 August 1611 **DENYS ANTHONIS VAN COUWEN**.

3. iii. (**Probably**) **PAULINA**<sup>2</sup> VAN OUDENHOVEN, born say 1586–1591; died between 14 December 1623 and 13 January 1633; married in 's-Gravenhage 14 April 1609 Lieut. THOMAS CHATFIELD.

iv. (Perhaps) **CLAES GILLIS**<sup>2</sup> VAN ALDENHOVEN, mentioned in a notarial document dated 26 April 1633. 23 Other than his patronymic, no evidence has been found that he belonged to the present family.

2. **JOSINA**<sup>2</sup> VAN OUDENHOVEN (Gillis<sup>1</sup>) was born probably before 1585<sup>24</sup> and died between 14 March 1635<sup>25</sup> and 14 July 1637. 26 She married first probably before 1604 (son born say 1599–1604) **CORNELIS VAN DOORNE**, who died before 1611 (wife’s third marriage), the father of her only-known child. She married second, sometime before her third marriage in 1611, **JOOST VAN ASSCHE**, 27 who died before she married third (prenuptial contract dated 23 August 1611) **DENYS ANTHONIS VAN COUWEN**, born in Bergen-op-Zoom, 28 who died by 5 February 1622, when his widow was called “Syntje Gillis dr. wed[w]e van sal. Deonys Anthonisen van Couwen.” 29

Josina was called “Syntgen Gillisdr. van Oudenhove, mother of Willem Cornelissen van Doorne, most recently widow of Deonys Anthonissen van Couwe” in a notarial document dated 30 October 1624. 30 As “Denus vann der Kouwen,” her third husband served as a baptismal sponsor to a child of Thomas Chatfield [and Paulina van Oudenhoven] on 14 August 1612 in the Dutch Reformed Church of Nijmegen, Gelderland. 31 The “worthy Syntgen Gillis, widow of the late Dionys van der Couwen, residing in 's-Gravenhage,” was still alive 14 March 1635. 32 However, a document relating to the

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22 Clara van Oudenhoven estate settlement (note 16).
24 This birth year is a rough estimate. Her son Willem was born say 1599–1604 (assuming a typical age of 20-25 when married), and the parents were married before say 1604. Josina was likely age 19 or older when he was born, therefore born before 1585.
26 Geertruyt Hembrix, widow of Pieter Anthonissen van Couwen, estate settlement, Notarieel Archieven Bergen-op-Zoom, Notaris J. van Wesel, inv. nr. 32, aktnr. 77, fol. 321–23, in which she was called the “late Josynken Gillis.”
27 Not Asche, as given in the index to the notarial records of 's-Gravenhage (note 4). Josina was described as ‘widow of the deceased Joost van Assche” when she married her third husband, but her marriage to Van Assche has not been found.
28 Denys Anthonis-Josyntgen Gillis dr. van Oudenhoven prenuptial contract (note 6).
29 "Syntje Gillis dr. weduwe" van sal. Deonys Anthonissen van Couwen," sale of property, Notarieel Archief Den Haag, Notaris G. A. van Warnhenhuyzen [?], inv. 7, fol. 81 verso. The index (note 4) states that the document is from a register of van Warnhenhuyzen, but his signature does not appear on the document, and according to F. L. Hartong, Register der Patenambten van Notarissen in Nederland (Rotterdam, 1916), 271, van Warnhenhuyzen was not active until 1626. Perhaps he took over the practice of an earlier notary.
30 Willem Cornelissen van Doorne-Sara Adams Warmier [sic] prenuptial contract (note 5).
31 Anne Chatfield baptism (note 7).
32 Syntgen Gilles, acknowledgement of a debt to Aelbrecht vander Graeft, brewer, of Delft (note 25).
settlement of the estate of the widow of her late husband’s brother, Pieter Anthonis van Couwen, of Bergen-op-Zoom, dated 14 July 1637, mentions “the heirs of the late Josyncken Gillis, widow . . . of the deceased Deonys Anthonissen van Couwen.” From this settlement and other sources, it is clear that Dignietgen Anthonis (wife of Pieter van Velthem), Tanneken Anthonis (wife of Aert Aertsen), and Margriete Anthonis (wife of Philips Jansen de Neve), were sisters of Denys Anthonis. These relationships account for the presence of Denys Anthonis as a baptismal sponsor for a child of Pieter van Velthem and Digneken (no surname given) on 8 July 1612; of Josynken van Oudenhove for a child of Aert Aertsen de Jonge and Tanneken Anthonis on 23 December 1612; and of Syntken van Oudenhove for a child of Philips de Neve and Margriete Anthonis on 10 January 1615.

Known child of Cornelis van Doorne and Josina van Oudenhoven:

i. Willem Cornelis van Doorne (or Dooren), born say 1599–1604 (assuming a typical age of 20-25 when married); still living 14 March 1635; married about 30 October 1624 (date of prenuptial contract) Sara Adams Warnier, perhaps a daughter of the above-mentioned Adam Warnier. The prenuptial contract (signed as Willem Cornelessen van Dooren) calls him “Willem Cornelissen van Doorne, unmarried man, accompanied by his mother Syntjen Gillisdr. van Oudenhove, most recently widow of the late Deonys Anthonis van Couwen,” and the bride (who signed as Sara Adams Warniers) as “the worthy Sara Adams Warnier [sic], unmarried woman, accompanied by Jehan de Jode, goldsmith, and Henrich van Quickelberge, sheriff of Diemen, her brother and brother-in-law.”

Hendrick Quickelberg (to use a more typical form of his name) was the husband of Anna Adams Warnier, while Jehan de Jode was perhaps the bride’s half brother or stepbrother.

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33 Geertruyt Hernbro, widow of Pieter Anthonissen van Couwen, estate settlement (note 26). The passage, which is poorly-written and contains multiple inserts and deletions, actually reads: “… efflouwen van sopt Josyncken Gillis, weduwe . . . van sopt Deonys Anthonissen van Couwen, de comparants broeders swoge,” but the word broeders is obviously a mistake as the word comparant refers to Pieter’s widow, and Dionys was simply her brother-in-law, not her brother’s brother-in-law.

34 Abstracts of many other documents relating to this family are available on the website of the Historisch Centrum Het Markiezenhof (http://www.markiezenhof.nl/). It may be mentioned that Philippus de Neve, despite the notice taken of him by Abraham Honeyman (Abraham van Doren Honeyman, Joanies Neiins: Schepen and Third Secretary of New Amsterdam under the Dutch, First Secretary of New York City under the English, and His Descendants, A.D. 1627–1900 [Plainfield, N.J.: Honeyman and Co., 1900], 662), had no connection with the New Netherland Nevis family.

35 Bergen-op-Zoom DTB (note 8), 13:19, entry no. 2419 (Martynken van Velthem); 13:33, entry no. 2537 (Anthonis de Jonge); 13:100, entry no. 3105 (Anths [Anthonis] de Neve).

36 Considering the above-cited reference to her “heirs” in the plural, Josina may have had more than one child, but only one has been identified.

37 On that date Syntgen Gillis appeared with her soon [her son] Willem van Doorne before notary Lambert Rietraet (see note 25).


39 Adam Warnier, oude kneeper van 't-Gravenhage in 1611 (note 6) is presumably the same as Adam Warnier, oude kneeper in het Adornen, whose house in Bergen-op-Zoom was mentioned on 17 May 1608. See “de Groot” (signed only “G. F.”), De Nederlandische Leeuwin 28 (1910): cols. 92–93, at col. 93.

40 See note 38.

41 As Hendrik Quickelberch (Quickelberg in signature), from Middelburg (in Zeeland), goldsmith, age 25, accompanied by Joost Quickelberch his father, he was betrothed 8 April 1617 at Amsterdam to Anneken Warniers (same spelling in signature), from Gravenhage, aged 20 years (Hendrik Quickelberch-
3. PAULINA2 VAN OUDENHOVEN (probably Gillis3) was born say 1586–1591 (assuming a typical age of 18–23 when married) and died between 14 December 1623 (baptism of youngest child) and 13 January 1633 (husband remarried).43 Paulina married (as his first wife) in the Dutch Reformed Church, 's-Gravenhage, 14 April 1609 (betrothed 22 March 1609) Lieut. THOMAS CHATFIELD,44 who was born in England probably about 156845 and was still living in June 1636,46 son of Francis Chatfield, of “Chatfields” in Westmeston and of Rumboldswyke, Sussex, by the latter’s wife, Anne Peckham.47 When Paulina and Thomas were betrothed, the bride was named as “Paulyna van Ouwenhoven, unmarried woman residing at the Hague,” and the groom “Thomas Chadfield, ensign of Capt. Astley’s garrison stationed at Breda, unmarried man.”48 The baptismal sponsorships of Paulina’s children establish her connection to the Gillis Oudenhoven family beyond reasonable doubt, and the only question is whether she has been placed correctly as a daughter. 

Known children of Thomas Chatfield and Paulina2 van Oudenhoven, birth order uncertain, except where baptismal records have been found:49

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44 Thomas Chadfield-Paulyna van Ouwenhoven marriage (note 13).


48 Thomas Chadfield-Paulyna van Ouwenhoven marriage (note 13), which says Thomas Chadfield, vondtrek van de Captayn Astley garnaissen houdende tot Breda, jongen, mit Paulyna van Ouwenhoven, jong dochter[i] nunou in den Hoge. This entry, which enhances this family’s account in a previous paper (note 1), was discovered by Kay Strand.

49 Five children were named in the Visitation of the County of Sussex (note 47), in the following order: Thomas, Henry, Anne, Katherine, Thesma. If the pedigree follows the typical scheme in listing sons in order of birth, followed by daughters in order of birth, the sequence is in good agreement with the three baptismal records that have been found. William Berry, who as Registering Clerk in the College of Arms had access to the original record in the preparation of the Chatfield pedigree in his County Genealogies: Pedigrees of the Families in the County of Sussex . . . (London: Sherwood, Gilbert, and Piper, 1830), 5, read the name of the youngest daughter as Ilosina rather than Thesma, which suggests the possibility of the name “Josina”
i. ANNE CHATFIELD, baptized in Nijmegen, Gelderland, 14 August 1612, daughter of Thomas Chatfield, with sponsors Denus van der Kouwen [husband of the mother's probable sister Josina van Oudenhoven], Jacob Venckels, Neeligen Venckels, and Aelig Huybers; living 12 October 1664 when, as Anna Tjersvelt, she appears in a register of communicants of the New York Dutch Church; married in Geertruidenberg 14 September 1636 JOANNES VERVEELEN. They had three known children, two of whom were baptized in Amsterdam in 1638 and 1656. They came to New Harlem, probably in the spring of 1657.

ii. THOMAS JR., born apparently 1609–1620.

iii. KATHERINE, born apparently 1613–1622.

iv. HENRICK, baptized in the Dutch Reformed Church of Bergen-op-Zoom 23 October 1620 as a child of Thomas Chatfield and Paulina van Oudenhoven. One of Henrick's baptismal sponsors was Josyne van Oudenhove, the mother's probable sister.

v. JOSINA CHATFIELD, baptized in the Dutch Reformed Church of Bergen-op-Zoom 6 September 1623 as a child of Lieut. Thomas Chatfield and Paulina van Oudenhove, no sponsors being named in the record.

Written with an elaborate initial that was mistaken for more than one character. Her baptism clearly calls her Josina (Iosina Chatfield baptism [note 57]). Some of these children were perhaps baptized at 's-Gravenhage, where as previously noted the pre-1629 baptismal records of the Dutch Reformed Church are lost. No baptisms of any other children have been found in the records of the Dutch church of Bergen-op-Zoom, and the surviving records of the Dutch Reformed churches of Breda (beginning in 1637) and Geertruidenberg (beginning in 1688) start too late for this family. For further details of the Chatfields and their children see Dobson, “A Note on the Family of Thomas Chatfield” (note 1).

50 Anne Chatfield baptism (note 7), in which the mother was not named. As previously noted, this entry is incorrectly transcribed as Charfield in the index. Jacob Venckels was perhaps the Jacob Vennekool who, twelve years later, married Josina Soeters (note 19).


52 Joannes Vervelen-Anna Chiatvelt marriage intention (which includes the date of the actual marriage), Geertruidenberg Neder Duits Gereformeerde Kerks, Trouwboeken 1614–1698, fol. 51 (FHL 111,642), also available online at Regionaal Archief Tilburg (http://www.regionaalarchieftilburg.nl). This record was first brought to my attention by Robert Lewis Van Valero. The year is incorrectly given in Dobson, “A note on the family of Thomas Chatfield” (note 1), 219.


54 The parents were married in Mar. 1609 and could have had a child that year. Thomas was listed as the eldest son in the Visitation of the County of Sussex (see note 49), and his younger brother was baptized in Oct. 1620.

55 Anne was shown as the eldest daughter in the Visitation of the County of Sussex (see note 49), and she was baptized in Aug. 1612. Katherine was born after Anne and before Josina was baptized in Sept. 1623.

56 Henrick Chatfield baptism (note 2).

57 Josina Chatfield baptism, Bergen-op-Zoom DTB (note 8), 14:114 verso, entry no. 1512. The transcribers give the reading “Onderhove,” which was repeated in my 2008 article (Dobson, “A Note on the Family of Thomas Chatfield” [note 1]). After examining the original record, it is clear that the etymologically more plausible reading of Ouderhove is correct.

At the beginning of note 17 add: “’s-Gravenhage DTB 27:6 (FHL 118, 270): Jeronimus Soter, jonckgeselle van Bergen op Zem, met Claertge Ouwenoven, jonge doch[ter], beide woenende in den Hagb.”

For the marriage of Josina van Oudenhoven and Cornelis van Doorne read “She married first before 1602 (wife’s second marriage) CORNEUS DIRCKS VAN DOORNE, who died by December 1602 (wife’s second marriage).”


144:37. In the account of Willem Cornelis van Doorne, for “born say 1599–1604” read “born say 1599–1603,” since his father was dead before 14 December 1602, as above. For his marriage to Sara Adams Warnier, read: “married in the Dutch Reformed Church, ’s-Gravenhage (betrothed 3 November 1624), SARA ADAMS WARNIER.” The source is ’s-Gravenhage DTB 181:7 (FHL 118,280), which does not supply the date of the actual marriage: *Willem Cornelisen van Doren jongman met Sara Warniers jonge dochter, beyde woonende al hier in sGravenhage.*